

1 this privilege to a trial court judge to exercise his
2 privilege to protect the public. Not that the defendant
3 is guilty as charged, but the possibility of the offender
4 pending trial will make other offenses against public
5 order.

6 THE CHAIRMAN: Delegate Bothe.

7 DELEGATE BOTHE: Despite the fact this issue
8 was debated this morning, I feel the questions may be very
9 much confused, partly because of the posture in which the
10 matter came before this committee as a whole. The Commit-
11 tee on Personal Rights, on the other hand, had many hours
12 to discuss and hear witnesses, all the various aspects of
13 what is a very complex, but extremely constitutional prob-
14 lem.

15 Now, we have acted without any amendment or ques-
16 tion or debate to grant to an accused all kind of rights
17 when he is tried for the offense, he is entitled to counsel,
18 he is entitled to be confronted with his accusers and we
19 even put in a little amendment yesterday to make sure they
20 were under oath when they confronted him.

21 This area, I say, is far more important to the